UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES, BENGALURU & INDIAN METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT



GRAMIN KRISHI MAUSAM SEWA AMFU, OFRS, NAGANAHALLI, MYSURU - 570003



Date: 13-09-2024

AGRO-ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR CHAMARAJANAGARA DISTRICT

Issued jointly by, UAS, Bengaluru & Indian Meteorological Department

Past Weather Data

Parameter	10.09.2024	11.09.2024	12.09.2024	13.09.2024			
Rainfall (mm)	0	0	0	0			
Max. Temp. (°C)	30.9	31.5	30.7	31.6			
Min. Temp. (°C)	21.2	19.8	19.5	18.3			
Sky condition (Octas)	-	-	-	-			
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	91	88	84	91			
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	68	81	56	64			
Wind Speed (km/h)	-	-	-	-			
Wind Direction	-	-	-	-			

Weather forecast for the next five days (From 14-09-2024 to 18-09-2024)							
Parameter	14.09.2024	15.09.2024	16.09.2024	17.09.2024	18.09.2024		
Rainfall (mm)	3	3	2	0	0		
Max. Temp. (°C)	34.4	34.5	33.9	34.3	34.5		
Min.Temp. (°C)	16.7	16.2	15.3	15.4	14.9		
Sky condition (Octas)	7	7	6	3	0		
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	86	89	93	93	91		
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	43	47	48	38	39		
Wind Speed (kmph)	13	13	12	12	13		
Wind Direction	288	288	292	291	292		

Forecast Summary

As forecast received from IMD, Cloudy sky with very light rainfall may be expected from 14.09.2024 to 18.09.2024 in Chamarajanagara district. The day temperature is expected to be 33.9-34.5°C & night temperature is expected 14.9-16.7°C. The relative humidity in the morning hours is expected to be 86-93% & afternoon relative humidity is expected to be in the range of 38-48%. Wind speed expected to be 12-13 km/ hr.

Recommendations to the farmers:

Crop	Pest/Disease	Damage symptoms	Control measures
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Crops and varieties that can be grown in the month of August

Finger millet: Indaf-7, Indaf-9, KMR-301, GPU-45, KMR-316

Paddy: MSN-99

Maize: Hema, Nityashree, MAH-14-5 Rabi Maize: M-35-1, Nose (5-4-1), CSH-10

Popcorn: Amber

Sunflower: KBSH-41, KBSH-42, KBSH-44, KBSH53, KBSH-78, KBSH-85

Sovbean: MAUS-2 (Praja), Karune (Vegetable Soybean), KBS-23

Niger: KBN-1, No-71

Cowpea: TVK-944-02E, KBC-1, KBC-2, KBC-9, IT-98456-1, KM-5, KC-8 (K.BC-11)

Horse gram: PHG-9, KBH-1 5209: 2.20-8371, 2.2.A.2-99463 (Vishal), VCF-0517 (Baahubali), 222-

18061

Horticulture Crops: Banana, Arecanut, Pineapple, Cauliflower, Onion

Fodder crops:

Maize: African Tall;

Maize: MP Chari, Pusachari, JS-3, GS-20, COFS-29;

Bajra: Dhina Bandhu- 49A;

Cowpea: KBC-2

General recommendations for agricultural activities based on the given rainfall forecast:

- ✓ Ensure Proper Drainage: With light rainfall predicted, avoid waterlogging by ensuring fields and livestock areas have good drainage.
- ✓ Monitor for Pests and Diseases: High humidity can increase the risk of fungal infections and pests, particularly in crops like brinjal, chilli, and cotton.
- ✓ **Support Plants:** Provide physical support for tall crops like banana and cotton to prevent lodging due to wind.
- ✓ **Harvest Timing:** For crops in the harvesting stage (maize, groundnut, cowpea), plan to harvest during dry periods to avoid spoilage.
- ✓ **Ventilation for Poultry and Livestock:** Ensure adequate ventilation to prevent heat stress and respiratory issues due to rising temperatures and high humidity.

Crop	Stage	Weather-Based Advisory				
Field Bean	Pod Formation	Light rainfall is favorable. Ensure the soil remains well-drained to				
		prevent waterlogging, which can affect pod development.				
		Mulching can help retain moisture.				
Bhendi (Okra)	Flowering	Light rainfall is beneficial; ensure the plants are not waterlogged.				
		Maintain good airflow by spacing plants to reduce the risk of				
		fungal infections.				
Banana	Bunch	Provide support to the plants to prevent lodging due to wind.				
	Development	Ensure regular irrigation if rainfall is insufficient. Maintain a mulch				
		layer to conserve moisture.				
Paddy	Vegetative	Maintain a shallow water layer in the fields. Ensure proper				
	Stage	drainage if there is excessive water accumulation. Monitor for pest				
		infestations like leafhoppers due to high humidity.				
Ragi	Vegetative	Light rainfall is favorable. Ensure weed control and consider top				
	Stage	dressing with nitrogen fertilizers for better growth.				
Red Gram	Vegetative	Light rainfall supports growth. Monitor for pests like pod borers.				
	Stage	Ensure proper staking of plants if necessary.				
Papaya	Vegetative	Ensure proper drainage as waterlogging can lead to root rot. Apply				
	Stage	fertilizers to boost growth during this stage.				
Brinjal	Fruiting Stage	Light rainfall is beneficial. Monitor for fruit borers and fungal				

		diseases due to increased humidity. Implement staking to support
		the plants.
Chilli	Vegetative	Regular monitoring for pests like aphids and whiteflies is
	Stage	important. Ensure proper drainage to avoid root diseases.
Maize	Harvesting	Plan for harvesting during dry spells to avoid grain spoilage. Store
	Stage	harvested maize in dry conditions to prevent fungal growth.
Groundnut	Harvesting	Harvesting during light rainfall should be avoided to prevent
	Stage	contamination of pods. Ensure drying of harvested pods before
		storage.
Cowpea	Harvesting	Similar to groundnut, ensure pods are harvested during dry
	Stage	conditions and are thoroughly dried before storage.
Cotton	Boll	Light rainfall is beneficial. Monitor for bollworms and ensure
	Formation	proper field sanitation to reduce pest load. Avoid waterlogging to
C	Vacatativa	prevent boll rot.
Sorghum	Vegetative	✓ Provide irrigation if required, but ensure good drainage to avoid
	stage	waterlogging.✓ Conduct timely weeding to reduce competition for nutrients.
Coconut,	Various stages	✓ Conduct timery weeding to reduce competition for nutrients. ✓ Ensure regular irrigation, particularly for younger plants.
Arecanut,	various stages	✓ Ensure regular irrigation, particularly for younger plants. ✓ Mulch around the base to conserve soil moisture and control
Cocoa, Pepper		weeds.
Cocou, 1 epper		Regularly check for pest and disease signs, especially in high
		humidity, and take preventive measures.
Coffee	Berry	Provide shade to protect berries from heat stress. Maintain soil
	development	moisture through irrigation if necessary. Monitor for pests like
		berry borer.
Tomato	Fruiting	Caterpillar bore the flower buds and fruits. Infested flower buds
Fruit borer		with hole and drops off, fruit with a hole, water enter through the
		hole leads to rotting.
		Trap crop: For every 25 rows of tomato grow one row of marigold
		cultivar African tall. The marigold seedlings about 35-40 days old.
		If borer problems exceeds 10 per cent spray 4 per cent. NSKE or
		100 LE, Ha. NPV. If infestation in severe form spray 1.0 g.
Field been med	Pod	Methomil 40 SP. in a lit. water
Field bean pod borer	development	Dust 10 kg. Fenvalrate 0.4 D. OR
Dorei	development	Malathion 5 D. per acre during morning hours.
Papaya mosaic	Fruit	Nursery may be raised in 40 - 50 mesh nylon netting for a period of
ring spot virus	development	60 days then plant.
	do votopinono	Around the garden 2 - 3 rows of African tall Maize should be
		grown on border crodiv. 30 - 40 days prior to papaya palnting.
		Again after 2 months resowing of Maize by the side of previous
		Maize crodiv.
		Throughout the papaya cropping period maintain border crop of
		Maize.
		For control of sucking pests spray Dimethoate - 1.7 ml. /lit. water.
		Periodical spray is necessary.
		Note: June - July papaya planting can minimise the disease
		problem.
Doddy I cof	Vogototivo	Select disease free seedlings for planting. Apply any one of the following insecticides per lit, water
Paddy Leaf folder	Vegetative	Apply any one of the following insecticides per lit. water a) Quinalphos 25 EC 2.0 ml.
IOIUEI	stage	a) Quinalphos 25 EC 2.0 ml.b) Indoxacarb 14.5 SC 0.5ml.
		c) Flubendiamide 48 SC 0.08ml.
		d) Flubendiamide 20 WG 0.2 g.
		Drain out the water and spray the insecticide. 250 - 300 lit. spray
		mixture requires per acre.
	1	

Red gram wilt
3.0 g. Carbendazim + Mancozeb 75 WP.then sown. In wilt endemic areas before sowing enriched Trichoderma FYM incorporated to soil OR Sow wilt resistant red gram variety BRG 5 or Maruthi (ICP 8863). Paddy Yellow stem borer Vegetative stage If infestation noticed, apply any one of the following insecticides per lit. water a) Monocrotophos 36 SL 1.5 ml. b) Chlorpyriphos 20 EC 2.0 ml. c) Flubendiamide 48 SC 0.08 ml.
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Granular insecticide - kg./acre
a) Fipronil 0.3 G - 10.0
b) Carbofuran 3 G - 8.0
N.B: Before application of granular insecticides, drain out the
water and apply granules. Two days after application irrigate
lightly.
Coconut Rhinoceros Remove the adult beetle from crown of the palm by means of iron
beetle hook.
Quinalphos 1.5 D. OR
Malathion 5 D. mix with equal quantity of sand and plug the hole
with mixture.
Avoid FYM pits in and around coconut garden
OR
Mix 350 g.Quinalphos 1.5 D/3 m2 of FYM.
Paddy leaf and Transplanting > Seed treatment: Treat the seeds @ 4 g. Carbendazim 50 WP. or
neck blast to Tricyclazole 75 WP. @ 0.6 g./kg. seed.
Vegetative Nursery spray
> When seedlings are 10 -12 days old spray any one of the following fungicides to a lit. water.
a) Carbendazim 50 WP 1.0 g.
b) Tricyclazole 75 WP 0.6 g.
c) Edifenphos 50 EC 1.0 ml.
d) Kitazin 48 EC 1.0 ml.
20 - 25 days after transplanting if disease incidence above 5 per
cent sprays any one fungicide mention above. If necessary spray at
flowering stage. 200 - 300 lits. spray solution/acre.
Ginger Rhizome rot Plant disease free seed material development Treat the planting materials in 4.0 g.Mancozeb 75 Wdiv. in a lit.
water.
On notice of the disease spray 2.0 g. Captan 50 Wdiv.
OR
2.0 g. Metalaxyl - MZ 72Wdiv. in a lit. water.
Before store of seed material soak them in 3.0 g. Mancozeb 75
Wdiv. in a lit. water for 30 min then dry in shade and store.
Bean pod Pod Spray 2.0 ml. Malathion 50 EC./ lit. water
borer development
Coconut - Addition to application of recommended NPK add 1 kg. Gypsum,
Eriophyid 50 g. Boran, 5 kg. neem oil cake/palm. Spray 80 WP. Sulphur @ 4 g./lit. water on 2 - 6 months old tender
nuts.
Root feeding the mixture of 7.5 ml. Neemzol.
OR

		10 ml. Econeem with equal quantity of water.
Poultry and	Livestock	
Category	Condition	Recommendation
Poultry	General	Ensure proper ventilation in poultry houses to prevent respiratory issues due to high humidity. Provide dry bedding to avoid fungal infections.
Livestock	General	Ensure animals have access to clean water and dry bedding. Monitor for signs of heat stress as temperatures rise towards the end of the forecast period. Provide shade and proper ventilation.

Block level weather forecast (From 14-09-2024 to 18-09-2024)								
Chamarajanagara								
Parameter	14.09.2024	15.09.2024	16.09.2024	17.09.2024	18.09.2024			
Rainfall (mm)	0	0.4	0.4	0	0			
Max. temp (°C)	27.8	27.2	26.2	27	27.2			
Min.Temp (°C)	17.1	16.5	15.7	15.8	15.1			
Sky condition (Octas)	7	7	5	4	0			
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	85	89	96	95	92			
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	40	45	46	37	37			
Wind Speed (kmph)	17	18	16	14	16			
Wind Direction	283	283	288	291	252			

Gundlupete							
Parameter	14.09.2024	15.09.2024	16.09.2024	17.09.2024	18.09.2024		
Rainfall (mm)	0	0.3	1.6	0.1	0		
Max. temp (°C)	27.8	27.2	26.6	27.4	27.4		
Min.Temp (°C)	17.3	16.7	16.2	16.4	15.7		
Sky condition (Octas)	7	6	5	6	0		
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	86	90	94	95	93		
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	43	49	52	39	41		
Wind Speed (kmph)	16	17	14	13	15		
Wind Direction	252	249	257	257	252		

Kollegala							
Parameter 14.09.2024 15.09.2024 16.09.2024 17.09.2024 18.09.2024							
Rainfall (mm)	0	0	0.8	0	0		
Max. temp (°C)	30	29.7	28.5	29.5	29.6		
Min.Temp (°C)	18.7	18.2	17.4	17.4	16.9		

Sky condition (Octas)	6	7	5	1	0
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	88	92	97	95	94
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	43	47	47	38	39
Wind Speed (kmph)	17	17	15	13	16
Wind Direction	257	252	257	270	252

Yelandur							
Parameter	14.09.2024	15.09.2024	16.09.2024	17.09.2024	18.09.2024		
Rainfall (mm)	0	0.9	1.5	0	0		
Max. temp (°C)	28.5	28.1	26.9	27.9	28.1		
Min.Temp (°C)	17.6	17.1	16.3	16.3	15.7		
Sky condition (Octas)	7	7	5	2	0		
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	87	91	97	95	94		
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	41	47	47	38	38		
Wind Speed (kmph)	17	17	15	14	16		
Wind Direction	257	252	257	270	252		

Hanur					
Parameter	14.09.2024	15.09.2024	16.09.2024	17.09.2024	18.09.2024
Rainfall (mm)	2.8	0	0	0.1	5.8
Max. temp (°C)	27	29	29.4	29.8	29
Min.Temp (°C)	17.3	19	19	18.8	19.2
Sky condition (Octas)	6	5	7	5	8
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	86	86	88	91	87
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	52	52	50	49	54
Wind Speed (kmph)	21	21	18	16	17
Wind Direction	249	248	248	257	257

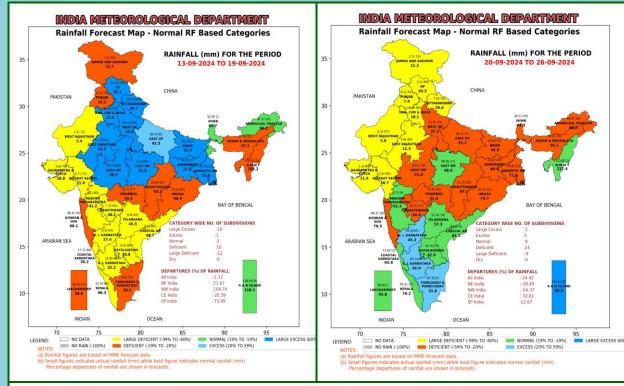
- Download "**DAMINI**" app to get early warning on lightening and take precautions based on the alert given by the application.
- ➤ Kindly download"MAUSAM" APP for location specific forecast & warning &"MEGHDOOT" APP for Agromet advisory
- This information is available in the website: mausam.imd.gov.in

For any information farmers can contact **Dr. C. Ramachandra**, Senior Farm Superintendent/ **Dr. Sumanth Kumar.G.V**, Technical officer over phone No. 0821-259126/ 9535345814.

AMFU of IMD, Naganahalli, Mysuru

Extended Range Forecast System

Rainfall forecast maps for the next 2 weeks (IC- 11thSeptember, 2024) (13thto 26th September, 2024)



- Week1 (13.09.2024 to 19.09.2024):Rainfall is likely to be above normal over Madhya Pradesh, East Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Bihar, Jharkhand and Gangetic West Bengal. Rainfall is likely to be below normal rainfall over many parts of South India, North East India and Northwest India.
- Week 2 (20.09.2024 to 26.09.2024): Rainfall is likely to be normal to above normal over South India. Rainfall is likely to be below normal over East India, Northeast India, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand and Konkan-Goa.

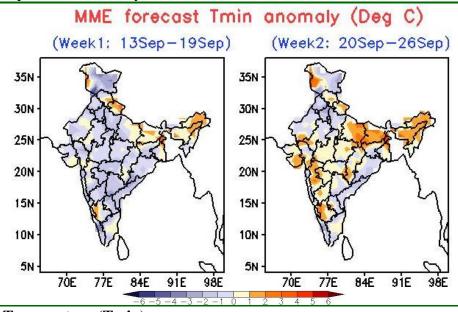
Maximum and Minimum temperature anomaly (°C) forecast for the next 2 weeks (IC- 11thSeptember, 2024)

(13th to 26th September, 2024)

MME forecast Tmax anomaly (Deg C) (Week2: 20Sep-26Sep) (Week1: 13Sep-19Sep) 35N 35N 30N 30N 25N 25N 20N 20N 15N 15N 10N 10N 5N 5N 84E 91E 70E 84E

Maximum Temperature (Tmax)

- Week 1 (13.09.2024 to 19.09.2024): Maximum temperature is likely to be above normal over Northeast India, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka and Odisha.
- Week 2 (20.09.2024 to 26.09.2024): Maximum temperature is likely to be above normal over most parts of the country.



Minimum Temperature (Tmin)

- Week 1 (13.09.2024 to 19.09.2024): Minimum temperature is likely to be above normal over Northeast India, Bihar, East Uttar Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand and Karnataka.
- Week 2 (20.09.2024 to 26.09.2024): Minimum temperature is likely to be above normal over Northeast India, Central India, Gujarat, Bihar, East Uttar Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Maharashtra and Karnataka.