UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES, BENGALURU & INDIAN METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT



GRAMIN KRISHI MAUSAM SEWA AMFU, OFRS, NAGANAHALLI, MYSURU - 570003



Date: 24-09-2024

AGRO-ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR KODAGU DISTRICT

Issued jointly by, UAS, Bengaluru & Indian Meteorological Department

Past Weather Data

= 33.5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Parameter	21.09.2024	22.09.2024	23.09.2024	24.09.2024			
Rainfall (mm)	0	5.5	0	-			
Max. Temp. (°C)	27.5	28.3	29.4	ı			
Min. Temp. (°C)	18.6	16.3	17.7	ı			
Sky condition (Octas)	-	-	-	-			
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	92	93	79	ı			
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	74	67	77	-			
Wind Speed (km/h)	-	-	-	-			
Wind Direction	-	-	-	-			

Weather forecast for the next five days (From 25-09-2024 to 29-09-2024)							
Parameter	25.09.2024	26.09.2024	27.09.2024	28.09.2024	29.09.2024		
Rainfall (mm)	37	15	14	8	14		
Max. Temp. (°C)	28	27.9	29.6	31	32.8		
Min. Temp. (°C)	19.6	19.7	19.4	18.2	19.8		
Sky condition (Octas)	8	7	6	6	7		
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	96	97	96	96	94		
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	80	77	65	60	52		
Wind Speed (kmph)	10	9	8	7	6		
Wind Direction	249	243	225	238	289		

Forecast Summary

As forecast received from IMD, cloudy sky with light to moderate rainfall may be expected from 25.09.2024 to 29.09.2024 in Kodagu district. The day temperature is expected to be 28.0-32.8°C & night temperature is expected 18.2-19.8°C. The relative humidity in the morning hours is expected to be 94-97% & afternoon relative humidity is expected to be in the range of 52-80%. Wind speed expected to be 6-10 km/hr.

Recommendations to the farmers:

Crop Pest/Disease Damage symptoms Control measures

Crops and varieties that can be grown in the month of August

Finger millet: Indaf-7, Indaf-9, KMR-301, GPU-45, KMR-316

Paddy: MSN-99

Maize: Hema, Nityashree, MAH-14-5

Rabi Maize : M-35-1, Nose (5-4-1), CSH-10

Popcorn: Amber

Sunflower: KBSH-41, KBSH-42, KBSH-44, KBSH53, KBSH-78, KBSH-85

Soybean: MAUS-2 (Praja), Karune (Vegetable Soybean), KBS-23

Niger: KBN-1, No-71

Cowpea: TVK-944-02E, KBC-1, KBC-2, KBC-9, IT-98456-1, KM-5, KC-8 (K.BC-11)

Horse gram: PHG-9, KBH-1 5209: 2.20-8371, 2.2.A.2-99463 (Vishal), VCF-0517 (Baahubali), 222-

18061

Horticulture Crops: Banana, Arecanut, Pineapple, Cauliflower, Onion

Fodder crops:

Maize: African Tall;

Maize: MP Chari, Pusachari, JS-3, GS-20, COFS-29;

Bajra: Dhina Bandhu- 49A;

Cowpea: KBC-2

General recommendations for agricultural activities based on the given rainfall forecast:

- ✓ Since there is light rainfall and rising temperatures, ensure timely irrigation for all crops, especially those in critical growth stages such as vegetative, flowering, and fruiting.
- ✓ Drip irrigation or furrow irrigation can be employed to minimize water wastage and provide consistent moisture to the crops.
- ✓ Apply organic mulches (like straw or dry leaves) around the base of crops to conserve soil moisture, reduce soil temperature, and prevent weed growth.
- ✓ High temperatures can cause nutrient deficiencies. Monitor the crops and apply fertilizers based on soil testing to ensure healthy growth.
- ✓ Foliar sprays of micronutrients can help alleviate nutrient stress caused by dry conditions.
- ✓ Weed competition for water and nutrients should be minimized. Perform manual or chemical weeding based on the crop type.
- ✓ With dry weather and high temperatures, monitor crops for pest infestations, such as sucking pests (aphids, whiteflies), which thrive in such conditions.
- ✓ Use neem-based bio-pesticides or pheromone traps to control pests, and ensure proper field hygiene to minimize disease occurrence.
- ✓ Use shading nets for heat-sensitive crops, especially vegetables, to reduce temperature stress and protect young plants from direct sunlight.

Crop	Stage	Weather-Based Advisory
Field Bean	Harvesting	- Complete harvesting before rainfall on 28th and 29th Sept. to
		avoid quality loss.
Banana	Bunch	- Support the plants with props to avoid lodging due to expected
	Development	winds (up to 17 km/h).
		- Provide light irrigation until rainfall.
Paddy	Vegetative	- Ensure proper drainage during rainfall to avoid waterlogging.
	Stage	- Continue monitoring for pest and disease attacks.
Ragi	Vegetative	- Provide light irrigation until rainfall begins.
	Stage	- Maintain soil moisture and avoid water stress.

Red Gram	Vegetative	- Apply organic mulch to conserve soil moisture.		
I Keu Gram	Stage	- Light irrigation before the rainfall can support growth.		
Papaya	Vegetative	- Support plants with stakes to avoid damage from strong winds.		
	Stage	- Mulching around plants to conserve moisture is advisable.		
Brinjal	Fruiting Stage	- Harvest mature fruits before 28th Sept. rainfall.		
		- Ensure drainage to prevent fruit rot from excess moisture.		
Chilli	Flowering	- Avoid water stress; light irrigation is beneficial before expected		
	Stage	rains.		
		- Monitor for flower drop due to fluctuating moisture.		
Cotton	Boll	- Avoid waterlogging to prevent boll rot.		
	Formation	- Support plants against possible winds on 28th and 29th Sept.		
Coconut,	Various	- Maintain mulch around trees for moisture conservation.		
Arecanut,	Stages	- Inspect trees for pest infestations after rains.		
Cocoa, Pepper				
Coffee	Berry	- Mulch and irrigation management until rainfall begins.		
	Development	- Monitor for berry borer after rainfall events.		
Ginger	Harvesting	- If nearing maturity, harvest before the rainfall to avoid rhizome		
		rot.		
	T7	- Dry the harvested crop in a covered area.		
Sugarcane	Vegetative	- Continue irrigation till rainfall occurs.		
	Stage	- Ensure drainage during heavy rains to prevent root lodging.		
Coconut black	Various stages	Remove and burn the severly affected fronds.		
headed	various stages	 On community basis feed the Manocrotophos 36 SL. to the 		
caterpillar		palm through root.		
		Method: A meter away from trunk, dig out and select brown		
		coloured pencil thickness size root. Cut the root in a slanting		
		position. To the polythene bag (size of 15 cm. length 4 cm.		
		breadth) add 7.5 to 10 ml. Monocrotophos 36 SL. with equal		
		quantity of water, introduce and immerse cut end of the root in		
		insecticide mixture and tie the bag with thread.		
		• The palm absorb the chemical within a period of 24 hours,		
		if not after 48 hours select another root to feed the		
		chemical.		
		• A month after chemical treatment release larval parasites:		
		gravid, Goniozus@ 10 - 12 /palm. Caution: Not to harvest tender coconuts/matured coconuts		
		for 30 days from date of chemical treatment.		
Papaya mosaic	Fruit	Nursery may be raised in 40 - 50 mesh nylon netting for a period of		
ring spot virus	development	60 days then plant.		
l spot inus		Around the garden 2 - 3 rows of African tall Maize should be		
		grown on border crodiv. 30 - 40 days prior to papaya palnting.		
		Again after 2 months resowing of Maize by the side of previous		
		Maize crodiv.		
		Throughout the papaya cropping period maintain border crop of		
		Maize.		
		For control of sucking pests spray Dimethoate - 1.7 ml. /lit. water.		
		Periodical spray is necessary.		
		Note: June - July papaya planting can minimise the disease		
		problem.		
		Select disease free seedlings for planting.		

Paddy Leaf	Vegetative	Apply any one of the following insecticides per lit. water
folder	_	a) Quinalphos 25 EC 2.0 ml.
loluei	stage	b) Indoxacarb 14.5 SC 0.5ml.
		c) Flubendiamide 48 SC 0.08ml.
		,
		d) Flubendiamide 20 WG 0.2 g.
		Drain out the water and spray the insecticide. 250 - 300 lit. spray
D. 1	V	mixture requires per acre.
Red gram wilt	Vegetative	5.0 g. Trichoderma viridae
	stage	OR
		3.0 g. Carbendazim + Mancozeb 75 WP.then sown.
		In wilt endemic areas before sowing enriched Trichoderma FYM
		incorporated to soil OR
Doddy Velley	Vegetative	Sow wilt resistant red gram variety BRG 5 or Maruthi (ICP 8863). If infestation noticed, apply any one of the following insecticides
Paddy Yellow stem borer		per lit. water
Stelli borer	stage	-
		a) Monocrotophos 36 SL 1.5 ml.b) Chlorpyriphos 20 EC 2.0 ml.
		c) Flubendiamide 48 SC 0.08 ml.
		,
		d) Flubendiamide 20 WG 0.2 g. Granular insecticide - kg./acre
		a) Fipronil 0.3 G - 10.0
		b) Carbofuran 3 G - 8.0
		N.B: Before application of granular insecticides, drain out the
		water and apply granules. Two days after application irrigate
		lightly.
Coconut	Rhinoceros	Remove the adult beetle from crown of the palm by means of iron
Coconut	beetle	hook.
	beene	Quinalphos 1.5 D.
		OR
		Malathion 5 D. mix with equal quantity of sand and plug the hole
		with mixture.
		Avoid FYM pits in and around coconut garden
		OR
		Mix 350 g.Quinalphos 1.5 D/3 m2 of FYM.
Paddy leaf and	Transplanting	> Seed treatment: Treat the seeds @ 4 g. Carbendazim 50 WP. or
neck blast	to	Tricyclazole 75 WP. @ 0.6 g./kg. seed.
	Vegetative	Nursery spray
		> When seedlings are 10 -12 days old spray any one of the
		following fungicides to a lit. water.
		a) Carbendazim 50 WP 1.0 g.
		b) Tricyclazole 75 WP 0.6 g.
		c) Edifenphos 50 EC 1.0 ml.
		d) Kitazin 48 EC 1.0 ml.
		20 - 25 days after transplanting if disease incidence above 5 per
		cent sprays any one fungicide mention above. If necessary spray at
		flowering stage. 200 - 300 lits. spray solution/acre.
Coconut	-	Addition to application of recommended NPK add 1 kg. Gypsum,
Eriophyid		50 g. Boran, 5 kg. neem oil cake/palm.
mites		Spray 80 WP. Sulphur @ 4 g./lit. water on 2 - 6 months old tender
		nuts.
		Root feeding the mixture of 7.5 ml. Neemzol.
		OR

		10 ml. Econeem with equal quantity of water.	
Poultry and	Livestock		
Category	Condition	Recommendation	
Poultry	General	 Use ventilation, exhaust fans, and sprinklers to cool the poultry house. Wet the roof or use a misting system to reduce heat. Provide cool, clean water with electrolytes and vitamins (e.g., Vitamin C) to reduce heat stress. Feed during early morning or late evening to avoid heat stress. Litter Management: Keep litter dry to prevent ammonia build-up and respiratory issues. 	
Livestock	General	 Provide fresh, clean water and electrolyte solutions to avoid dehydration and heat stress. Ensure shaded or ventilated shelters. Use fans or sprinklers in sheds to cool livestock. Feed green fodder and silage. Avoid heat-generating feeds like excessive grains. Monitor for signs of heat stress and deworm/vaccinate to prevent disease outbreaks. 	

Block level weather forecast (From 25-09-2024 to 29-09-2024)								
Madikeri								
Parameter 25.09.2024 26.09.2024 27.09.2024 28.09.2024 29.09.2024								
Rainfall (mm)	6.1	4.3	3.3	4.8	4.6			
Max. temp (°C)	29.2	28.8	30.4	29.5	26.3			
Min.Temp (°C)	21.1	21	21.2	21.5	20.9			
Sky condition (Octas)	7	4	7	7	8			
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	99	99	98	99	99			
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	57	63	58	63	92			
Wind Speed (kmph)	6	7	7	8	8			
Wind Direction	283	283	288	291	270			

Somvarpet							
Parameter	25.09.2024	26.09.2024	27.09.2024	28.09.2024	29.09.2024		
Rainfall (mm)	1.4	0.6	0.9	3.3	1.3		
Max. temp (°C)	29.1	29.1	29.5	29.1	25.3		
Min.Temp (°C)	19	18.8	19.1	19.9	19		
Sky condition (Octas)	7	3	5	7	8		
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	98	97	96	96	96		
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	51	55	52	58	81		

Wind Speed (kmph)	10	12	12	13	14
Wind Direction	270	283	283	291	270

Virajpet							
Parameter	25.09.2024	26.09.2024	27.09.2024	28.09.2024	29.09.2024		
Rainfall (mm)	2	2.2	1.3	4.5	4.5		
Max. temp (°C)	29.2	29.1	30.5	29.8	27.7		
Min.Temp (°C)	21.6	21.7	22	22.3	21.9		
Sky condition (Octas)	7	2	6	6	8		
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	99	99	98	99	98		
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	55	59	56	59	78		
Wind Speed (kmph)	6	7	7	7	8		
Wind Direction	248	248	248	248	248		

- Download "**DAMINI**" app to get early warning on lightening and take precautions based on the alert given by the application.
- ➤ Kindly download "MAUSAM" APP for location specific forecast & warning & "MEGHDOOT" APP for Agromet advisory
- This information is available in the website: mausam.imd.gov.in

For any information farmers can contact **Dr. C. Ramachandra**, Senior Farm Superintendent/ **Dr. Sumanth Kumar.G.V**, Technical officer over phone No. 0821-259126/9535345814.

AMFU of IMD, Naganahalli, Mysuru

Realized Rainfall and Extended Range Forecast (वर्षाऔरतापमान) (Rainfall and Temperature)

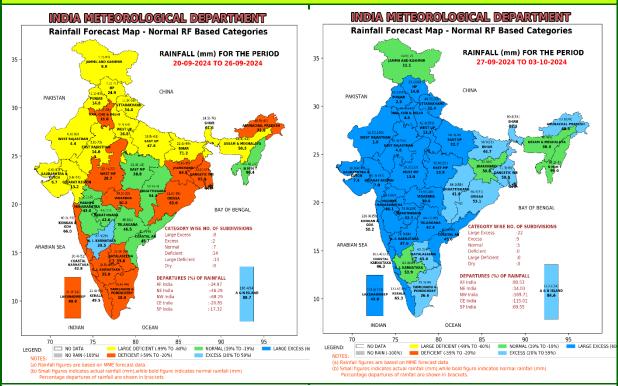
Realized Rainfall (5th to 18th September,2024)





Extended Range Forecast System

Rainfall forecast maps for the next 2 weeks (IC- 18thSeptember, 2024) (20thSeptember to 03rd October, 2024)

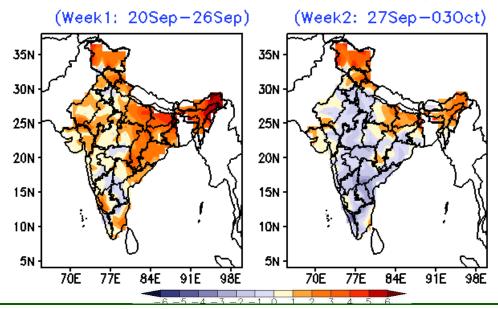


- Week1 (20.09.2024 to 26.09.2024):Rainfall is likely to be normal in parts of Northeast India and Central India. Below normal rainfall is likely over East India, Northwest India, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Konkan&Goa, Karnataka and Kerala.
- Week 2 (27.09.2024 to 03.10.2024):Rainfall is likely to be above normal over most parts of the country. Rainfall is likely to be normal in Northeast India and Tamil Nadu.

Maximum and Minimum temperature anomaly (°C) forecast

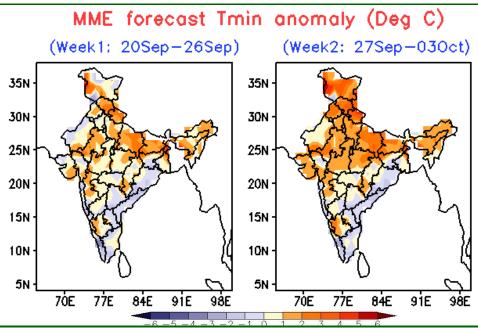
for the next 2 weeks (IC- 18thSeptember, 2024) (20thSeptember to 03rd October, 2024)

MME forecast Tmax anomaly (Deg C)



Maximum Temperature (Tmax)

- Week 1 (20.09.2024 to 26.09.2024): Maximum temperature is likely to be above normal over most parts of the country.
- Week 2 (27.09.2024 to 03.10.2024): Maximum temperature is likely to be above normal over Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, East Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and Northeast India.



Minimum Temperature (Tmin)

• Week 1 (20.09.2024 to 26.09.2024) and Week 2 (27.09.2024 to 03.10.2024): Tmin is likely to be above normal in most parts of Northwest India, Central India and Karnataka. Tmin is likely to be below normal Eastern coastal states and Kerala.